

Features



Microcontroller: MLX16-FX RISC CPU

- 16 bit RISC CPU with 20DMIPS and Power-Saving-Modes
- Co-processor for fast multiplication and division
- Flash and EEPROM memory with EEC
- In-circuit debug and emulation

Supported bus interfaces:

- LIN-Interface with integrated LIN transceiver supporting LIN 2.x, certified LIN protocol software provided by Melexis
- In-Module-Programming (Flash and EE) via pin LIN using a special Melexis fast protocol
- PWM-Interface
- Full duplex SPI, Master/Slave, double-buffered, speed programmable. DMA access. Flash and EEPROM programming also possible via SPI.

TruSense Motor Control Technology

- Patented algorithms for sensor-less 3-phase sine and trapezoidal motor control
- Phase voltage integration filter for BEMF voltage sensing at lowest speeds
- Position dependent phase inductance sensing via shunt current measurements at stand still and low to medium speeds
- Support of Star and Delta based motor configurations without the need for center star point
- Support of 3-phase switched reluctance motor control

Voltage Regulator

- Direct powered from 12V board net with low voltage detection
- Operating voltage $V_S = 5V$ to 18V
- Internal voltage regulator with possibility to use external regulator transistor
- Very low standby current, < 30 μ A in sleep mode, wake-up possible via LIN or local sources

Pre-Driver

- Pre-driver (~25 Ω R_{dson}) for all 3 N-FET half bridges with programmable Inter-Lock-Delay and slope control for optimal EMC and thermal performance during power N-FET switching
- Monitoring of Drain-Source voltages of the N-FETs

Periphery

- 4 independent 16 bit timer modules with capture and compare, and additional software timer
- 3 programmable 12 bit PWM units with programmable frequencies
- 10 bit ADC converter (2 μ s conversion time) and DMA access
- On-chip temperature sensor with $\pm 10K$ accuracy
- System-clock-independent fully integrated watchdog
- 32 MHz $\pm 5\%$ internal RC oscillator with PLL
- Optional crystal oscillator
- Load dump and brown out interrupt function
- Integrated shunt current amplifier with programmable gain

Applications

The MLX81205/07/10/15 controls BLDC motors via external FET transistors for:

- Oil-, water-, fuel-pumps
- Blowers, compressors
- Positioning actuators

Family Concept

| | MLX81205 | MLX81207 | MLX81210 | MLX81215 |
|---|-----------|---------------------|--|------------------------|
| Flash Memory [kByte] | 32 | 32 | 32 | 64 |
| RAM [kByte] | 4 | 4 | 8 | 8 |
| EEPROM [Byte] | 384 | 384 | 384 | 384 |
| Package | QFN32 | QFN48 TQFP EP 48 | QFN48 TQFP EP 48 | QFN48 TQFP EP 48 |
| Support of active high side reverse polarity protection | No | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Current shunt measurement possibility | High side | High side | Low side, High side | Low side, High side |
| UART | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| SPI | No | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Support of sensor based BLDC motor control | No | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Support of Switched Reluctance (SR) motor control | No | No | No | Yes |
| 5V Regulator support for 5V external supplies (CAN support) | No | No | Yes | Yes |
| Bonded pins in package | 32 | 37 | 48 | 48 |
| Pin compatibility | | | MLX81210 and MLX81215 are pin compatible | |

Table 1 – Family Options

Ordering Information

| Order Code ^[1] | Temp. Range | Package | Delivery | Remark |
|---------------------------|--------------|----------------|----------|--------|
| MLX81205 LLQ-xAA-000-TU | -40 - 150 °C | QFN32 5x5 | Tube | |
| MLX81205 LLQ-xAA-000-RE | -40 - 150 °C | QFN32 5x5 | Reel | |
| MLX81207 LLQ-xAA-000-TU | -40 - 150 °C | QFN48 7x7 | Tube | |
| MLX81207 LLQ-xAA-000-RE | -40 - 150 °C | QFN48 7x7 | Reel | |
| MLX81207 LPF-xAA-000-TR | -40 - 150 °C | TQFP EP 48 7x7 | Tray | |
| MLX81207 LPF-xAA-000-RE | -40 - 150 °C | TQFP EP 48 7x7 | Reel | |
| MLX81210 LLQ-xAA-000-TU | -40 - 150 °C | QFN48 7x7 | Tube | |
| MLX81210 LLQ-xAA-000-RE | -40 - 150 °C | QFN48 7x7 | Reel | |
| MLX81210 LPF-xAA-000-TR | -40 - 150 °C | TQFP EP 48 7x7 | Tray | |
| MLX81210 LPF-xAA-000-RE | -40 - 150 °C | TQFP EP 48 7x7 | Reel | |
| MLX81215 LLQ-xAA-000-TU | -40 - 150 °C | QFN48 7x7 | Tube | |
| MLX81215 LLQ-xAA-000-RE | -40 - 150 °C | QFN48 7x7 | Reel | |
| MLX81215 LPF-xAA-000-TR | -40 - 150 °C | TQFP EP 48 7x7 | Tray | |
| MLX81215 LPF-xAA-000-RE | -40 - 150 °C | TQFP EP 48 7x7 | Reel | |

Table 2 – Ordering Information

^[1]. See Marking/Order Code.

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1. Functional Diagram

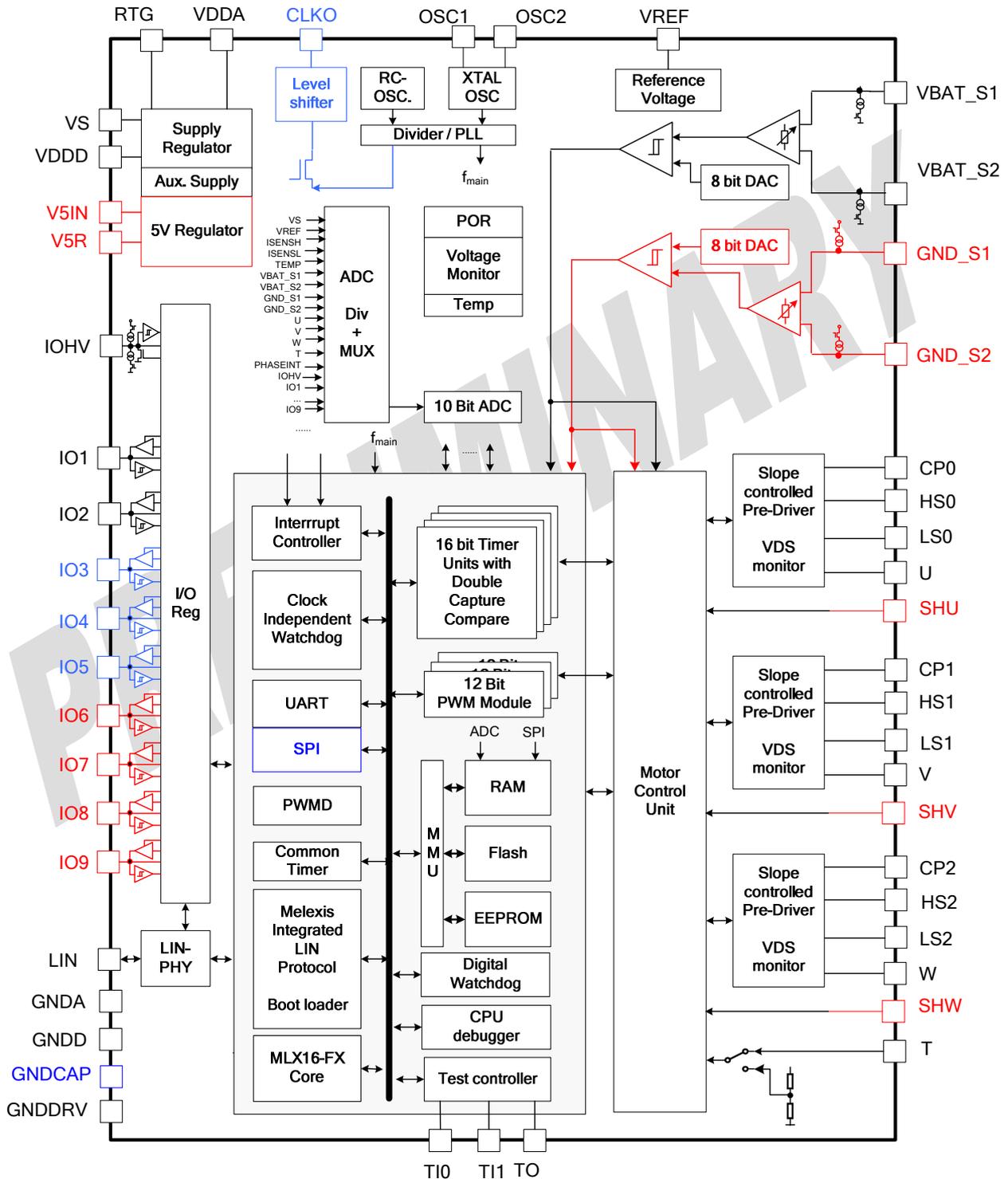


Figure 1 - Block Diagram

Black: common for all versions,

Blue: additional pins / functionality for MLX81207,

Blue + red: additional pins / functionality for MLX81210 / MLX81215

2. Pin Description

| Name | Type | Function | MLX81205 | MLX81207 | MLX81210 | MLX81215 |
|---------|------|---|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| VS | P | Battery Supply | X | X | X | X |
| RTG | O | 3.3V External MOS Gate Control | X | X | X | X |
| VDDA | P | 3.3V Supply | X | X | X | X |
| V5R | P | 5V Regulator Output for external NFET | | | X | X |
| V5IN | I | 5V Regulator Input | | | X | X |
| VDDD | P | 1.8V Regulator output | X | X | X | X |
| GNDD | GND | Digital ground | X | X | X | X |
| GNDCAP | GND | Digital ground | | X | X | X |
| GNDDRV | GND | Driver ground | X | X | X | X |
| GND A | GND | Analog ground | X | X | X | X |
| LIN | HVIO | Connection to LIN bus or PWM interface | X | X | X | X |
| IOHV | HVIO | General purpose IO pin | X | X | X | X |
| TI0 | I | Test input, debug interface | X | X | X | X |
| TI1 | I | Test input, debug interface | X | X | X | X |
| TO | O | Test output, debug interface | X | X | X | X |
| OSC1 | I | Quarz interface input | X | X | X | X |
| OSC2 | O | Quarz interface ouput | X | X | X | X |
| IO1 | LVIO | General purpose IO pin (Low voltage 3.3V) | X | X | X | X |
| IO2 | LVIO | General purpose IO pin (Low voltage 3.3V) | X | X | X | X |
| IO3 | LVIO | General purpose IO pin (Low voltage 3.3V) | | X | X | X |
| IO4 | LVIO | General purpose IO pin (Low voltage 3.3V) | | X | X | X |
| IO5 | LVIO | General purpose IO pin (Low voltage 3.3V) | | X | X | X |
| IO6 | LVIO | General purpose IO pin (Low voltage 3.3V) | | | X | X |
| IO7 | LVIO | General purpose IO pin (Low voltage 3.3V) | | | X | X |
| IO8 | LVIO | General purpose IO pin (Low voltage 3.3V) | | | X | X |
| IO9 | LVIO | General purpose IO pin (Low voltage 3.3V) | | | X | X |
| CLKO | HVO | Switchable 250kHz clock output to VREF level | | X | X | X |
| SHU | HVI | Phase U input to BEMF sensing blocks | | | X | X |
| SHV | HVI | Phase V input to BEMF sensing blocks | | | X | X |
| SHW | HVI | Phase W input to BEMF sensing blocks | | | X | X |
| T | HVI | Reference input to BEMF sensing blocks | X | X | X | X |
| VREF | P | Clamped 8V or 12V ref. voltage for bootstrap | X | X | X | X |
| CP2 | HVIO | High side bootstrap capacitor driver 2 | X | X | X | X |
| HS2 | HVIO | N-FET high side gate driver 2 | X | X | X | X |
| W | HVI | Phase W input to HS2 buffer and BEMF sensing blocks | X | X | X | X |
| LS2 | HVO | N-FET low side gate driver 2 | X | X | X | X |
| CP1 | HVIO | High side bootstrap capacitor driver 1 | X | X | X | X |
| HS1 | HVIO | N-FET high side gate driver 1 | X | X | X | X |
| V | HVI | Phase V input to HS1 buffer and BEMF sensing blocks | X | X | X | X |
| LS1 | HVO | N-FET low side gate driver 1 | X | X | X | X |
| CP0 | HVIO | High side bootstrap capacitor driver 0 | X | X | X | X |
| HS0 | HVIO | N-FET high side gate driver 0 | X | X | X | X |
| U | HVI | Phase U input to HS0 buffer and BEMF sensing blocks | X | X | X | X |
| LS0 | HVO | N-FET low side gate driver 0 | X | X | X | X |
| VBAT_S1 | HVI | VS high side input for current sensing | X | X | X | X |
| VBAT_S2 | HVI | VS low side input for current sensing | X | X | X | X |

| | | | | | | |
|-----------|-----|---|----|----|----|----|
| GND_S1 | LVI | GND high side input for current sensing | | | X | X |
| GND_S2 | LVI | GND low side input for current sensing | | | X | X |
| Pin count | | | 32 | 37 | 48 | 48 |

Table 3 - Pin Description MLX81205 / MLX81207 / MLX81210 / MLX81215

3. Electrical Characteristics

All voltages are referenced to ground (GND). Positive currents flow into the IC. The absolute maximum ratings given in the table below are limiting values that do not lead to a permanent damage of the device but exceeding any of these limits may do so. Long term exposure to limiting values may affect the reliability of the device. Reliable operation of the MLX81205/07/10/15 is only specified within the limits shown in Operating conditions.

3.1 Operating Conditions

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Max | Unit |
|-------------------------------|-----------|-----|---------------------|------|
| IC supply voltage | V_s | 5 | 18 | V |
| Operating ambient temperature | T_{amb} | -40 | +150 ^[1] | °C |

Table 4 - Operating Conditions

^[1] Target temperature specification after qualification. With temperature applications at $T_A > 125^\circ\text{C}$ a reduction of chip internal power dissipation with external supply transistor is mandatory. The extended temperature range is only allowed for a limited period of time, customer's mission profile has to be agreed by Melexis as a mandatory part of the Part Submission Warrant.

3.2 Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Parameter | Symbol | Condition | Min | Max | Unit |
|--|----------------------|---|------|-----------|-------|
| IC supply voltage | VS | T = 2 min | -0.3 | 28 | V |
| | | T < 500 ms | | 45 | |
| Maximum reverse current into any pin | | | -10 | +10 | mA |
| Maximum sum of reverse currents into all pins | | | | +10 | mA |
| DC voltage on LVIO pins, OSC<2:1>, GND_S<2:1> | | | -0.3 | VDDA+0.3 | V |
| DC voltage on HV I/O pin, V5R pin | | | -0.3 | VS+0.3 | V |
| DC voltage on drivers supply pin VREF | | | -0.3 | 18 | V |
| DC voltage on drivers control pins (CLKO, LS<2:0>) | | | -0.3 | VREF+0.3 | V |
| DC voltage on drivers CP<2:0>, HS<2:0> pins | | | -0.3 | VS + VREF | V |
| DC voltage on phases related pins (U, V, W, SHU, SHV, SHW, T, VBAT_S<2:1>) | | | -0.3 | VS+1.5 | V |
| ESD capability of pin LIN | ESD _{BUSHB} | Human body model, equivalent to discharge 100pF with 1.5kΩ, | -6 | +6 | kV |
| ESD capability of any other pins | ESD _{HB} | Human body model, equivalent to discharge 100pF with 1.5kΩ, | -2 | +2 | kV |
| Maximum latch-up free current at any Pin | I _{LATCH} | | -250 | +250 | mA |
| Junction temperature ^[1] | T_{vj} | | | +155 | °C |
| Storage temperature | T_{stg} | | -55 | +150 | °C |
| R _{thjc} QFN32 | R _{thjc} | | | 10 | K / W |
| R _{thjc} QFN48 | | | | 5 | K / W |
| R _{thjc} TQFP48 | | | | 5.5 | K / W |

Table 5 - Absolute Maximum Ratings

^[1] Target temperature specification after qualification. With temperature applications at $T_A > 125^\circ\text{C}$ a reduction of chip internal power dissipation with external supply transistor is mandatory. The extended temperature range is only allowed for a limited period of time, customer's mission profile has to be agreed by Melexis as a mandatory part of the Part Submission Warrant.

4. Application Examples

The following sections show typical application examples^[1].

4.1 Sensor-less BLDC Motor Control on the LIN-Bus or via PWM-Interface with reverse polarity protection and current sensing

In the sample application of Figure 2, the MLX81205 can realize the sensor-less driving of a BLDC motor via three external power N-FET half bridges with only a few external components. The high side N-FET driving is done with a bootstrap output stage. Reverse polarity protection of the bridge is realized with an external power FET in the ground path. An external temperature sensor is connected to the 10 bit ADC via pin IO1. The integrated watchdog with a dedicated separate RC-oscillator is monitoring application integrity. The communication interface could be LIN or a PWM interface. The pin LIN can also be used as wake-up source and to program the Flash memory.

The motor currents are measured by a shunt resistor in the high side path. In case the current exceeds the programmed threshold, the bridge can be switched off automatically and / or a software interrupt can be generated. The motor current can also be measured by the 10-bit ADC converter.

The patented Melexis TruSense technology combines two methods to determine the rotor position:

- The measurement of the induced BEMF voltage at medium and high speeds.
- The measurement of position dependent coil inductance variations at stand-still and low speeds.

As a result TruSense allows operation of the motor in the widest dynamic speed range. The motor can be driven with block, trapezoidal or sine-wave currents. The motor start-up can be made independent of the load conditions according to the application requirements.

In this example application the motor star point is not available. It is modeled with external resistors from the motor phases and connected to T input. Alternatively an artificial IC internal reference point can be chosen as shown in the block diagram of the MLX81205/07/10/15.

^[1] The application examples are principal application schematics only. The details need to be worked out for each application schematic separately, depending on the application requirements.

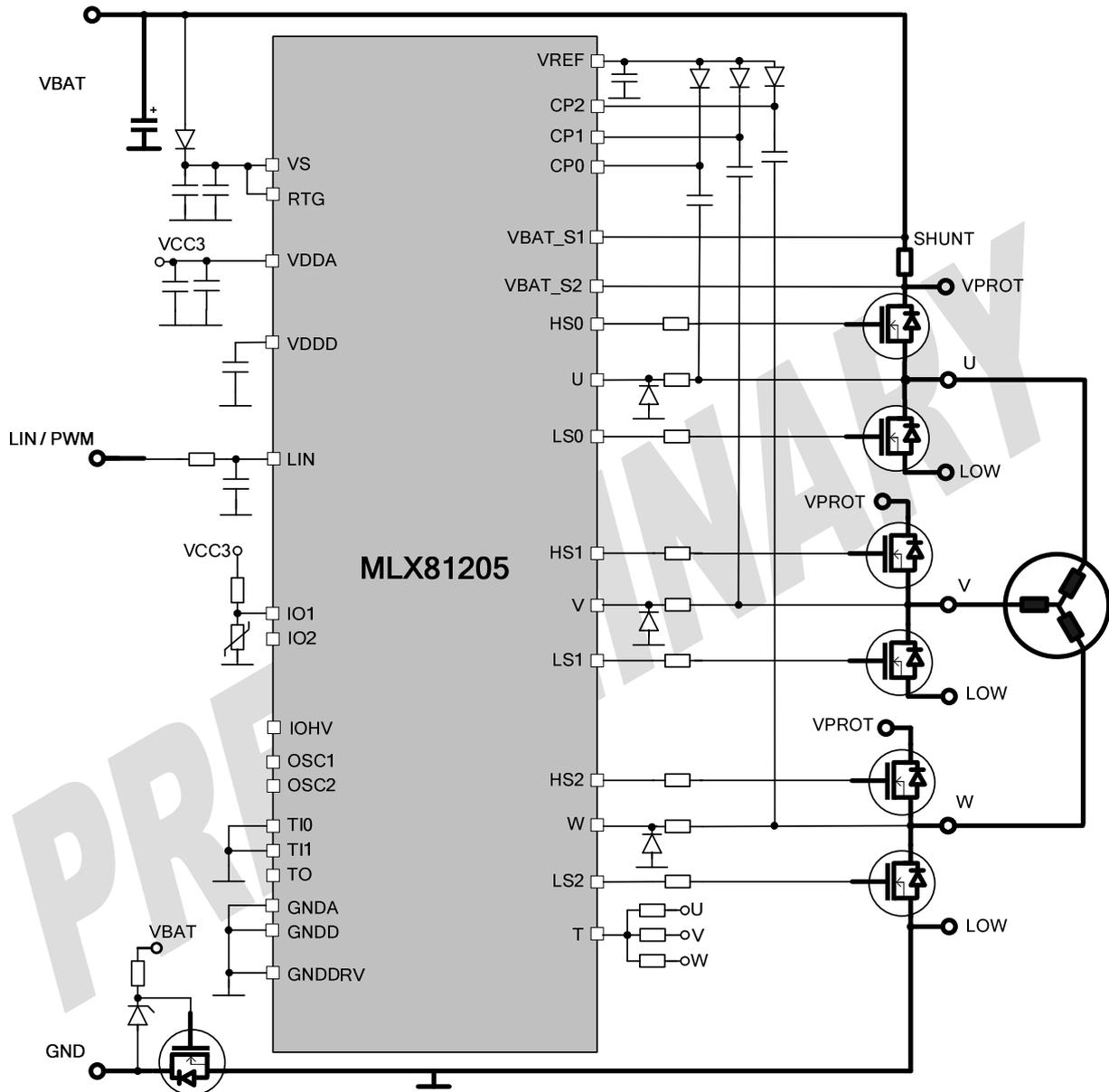


Figure 2 - Typical Sensor-less BLDC Motor Control Application Example with MLX81205

4.2 Sensor-less BLDC Motor Control on the LIN-Bus or via PWM-Interface with reverse polarity protection in the high side path

In the sample application of Figure 3, the MLX81207 has been selected in order to benefit from the external high side reverse polarity protection possibility compared to the application shown in section 4.1. All other remarks from the previous application example remain valid.

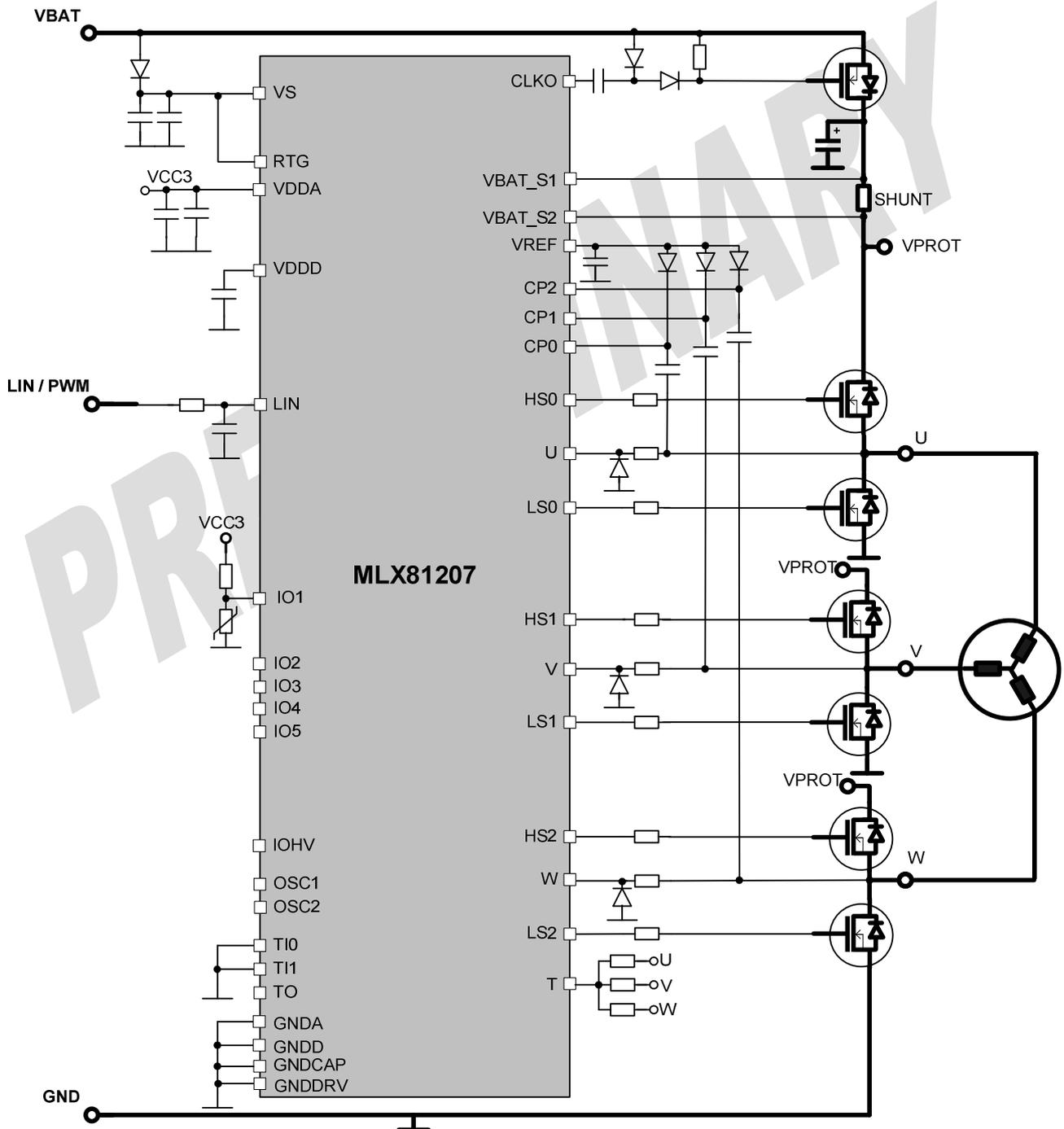


Figure 3 – Typical Sensor-less BLDC Motor Control Application Example with MLX81207

4.3 Sensor based BLDC Motor Control

In the sample application of, Figure 4, the MLX81207 can realize the driving of a BLDC motor with three Hall sensors. An external P-FET is used to derive the 3.3V supply with a higher current capability in order to bring power consumption outside the MLX81207.

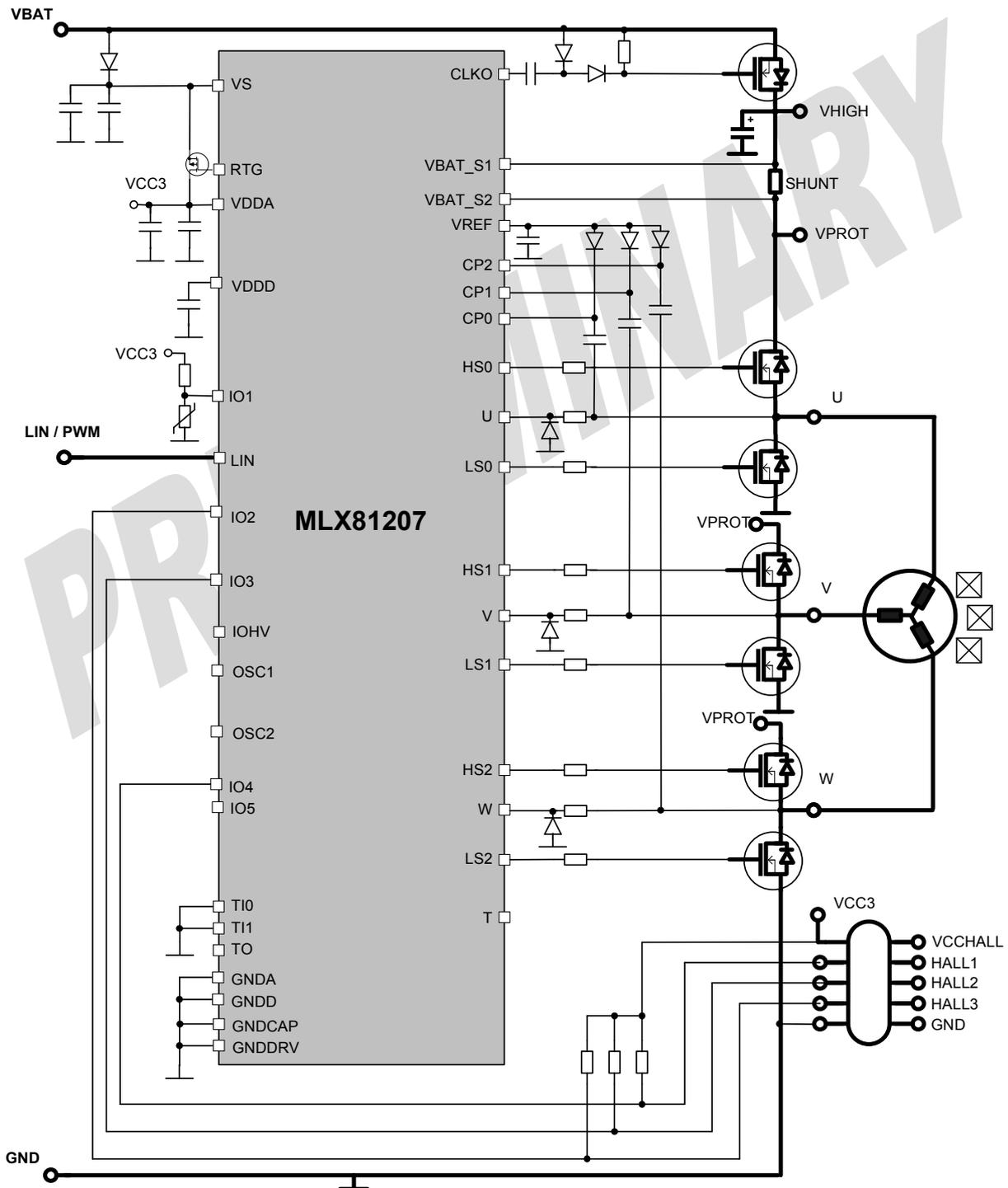


Figure 4 – Typical Sensor based BLDC Motor Control Application Example with MLX81207

4.4 Sensor-less BLDC Motor Control with absolute position sensing

In the sample application of Figure 5, the MLX81210 is working with an absolute position sensor in order to measure the position of the gear shaft in throttle valve application systems or any other similar applications, where absolute precise position sensing is requested.

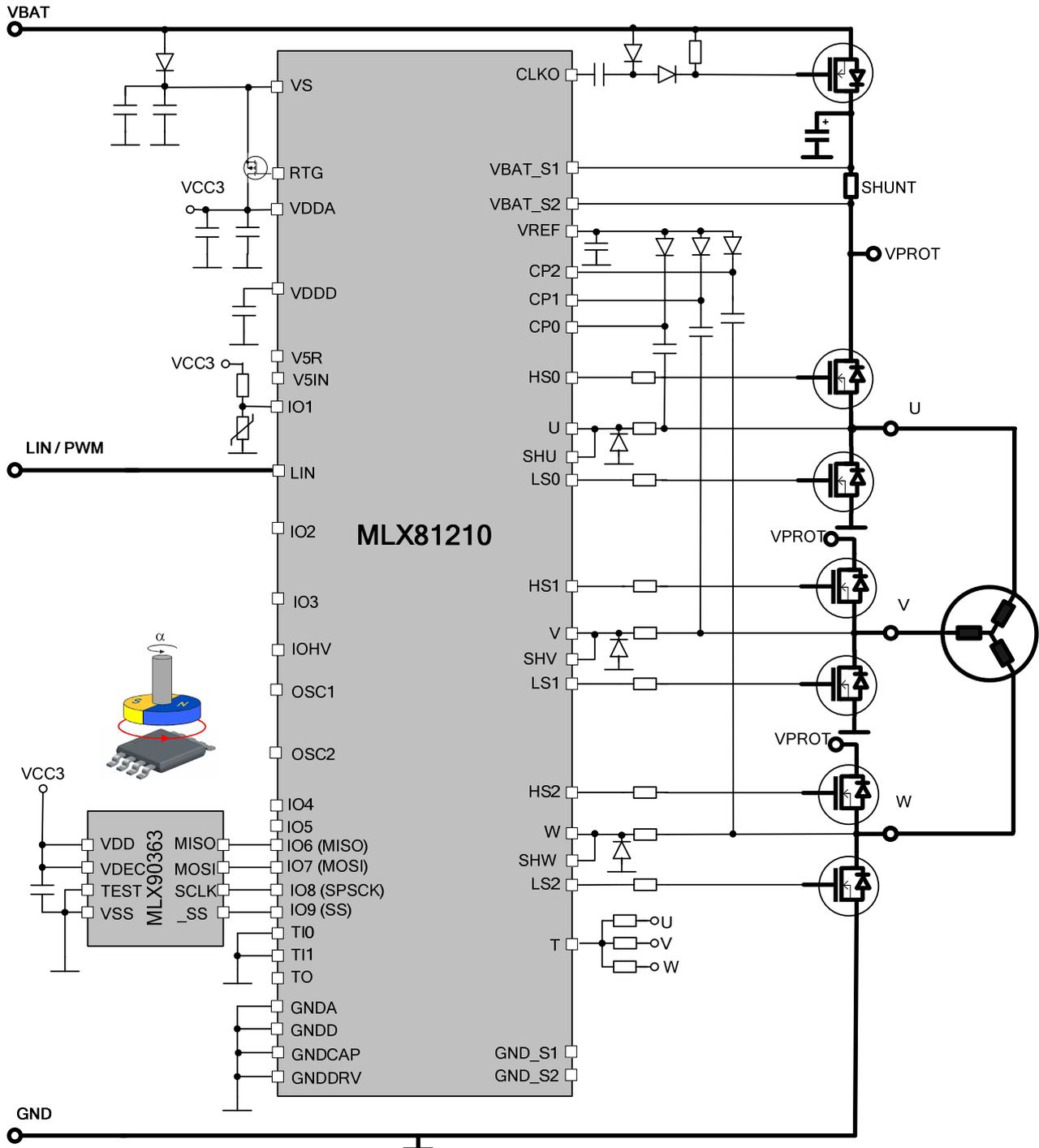


Figure 5 – Typical Sensor-less BLDC Motor Control Application Example with MLX81210 and Triaxis® absolute position sensing

4.5 Sensor-less BLDC Motor Control via a CAN-Bus-Interface

In this sample application the MLX81215 can realize the sensor-less driving of a BLDC motor via a CAN-Bus Interface. System wake-up on CAN-bus traffic is possible. The 5V and a 3.3V voltage supply needed for the CAN-Bus, is generated via external N-FET control in order to limit the power dissipation in the package. The motor current can be monitored via shunt resistors in the ground and battery path in case the application requests a double side monitoring for security reasons. Application programming on module level via the CAN-Bus is supported by the SPI-Interface.

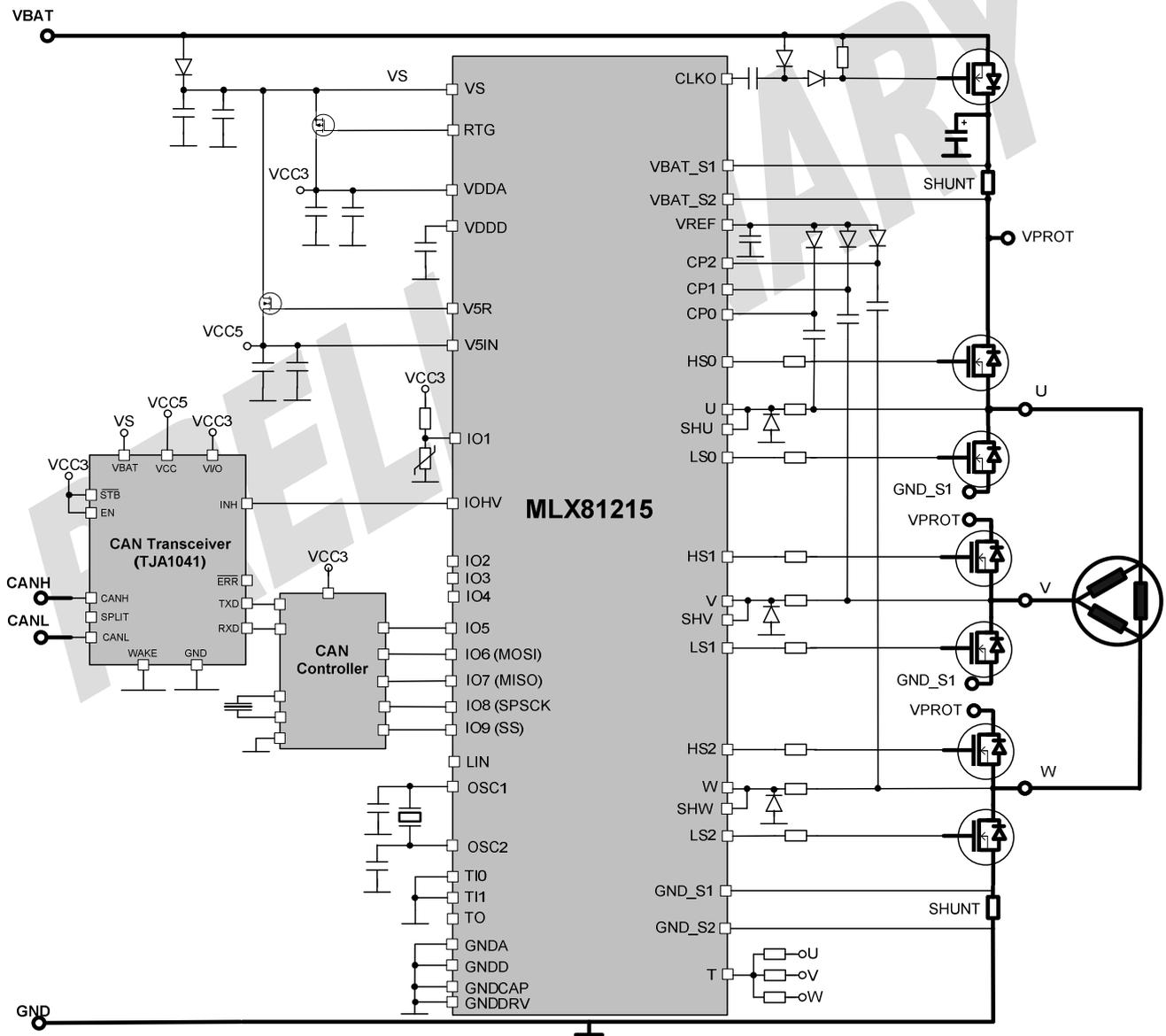


Figure 6 – Typical BLDC Motor Control Application Example on the CAN-Bus with MLX81215

5. Mechanical Specification

5.1 QFN

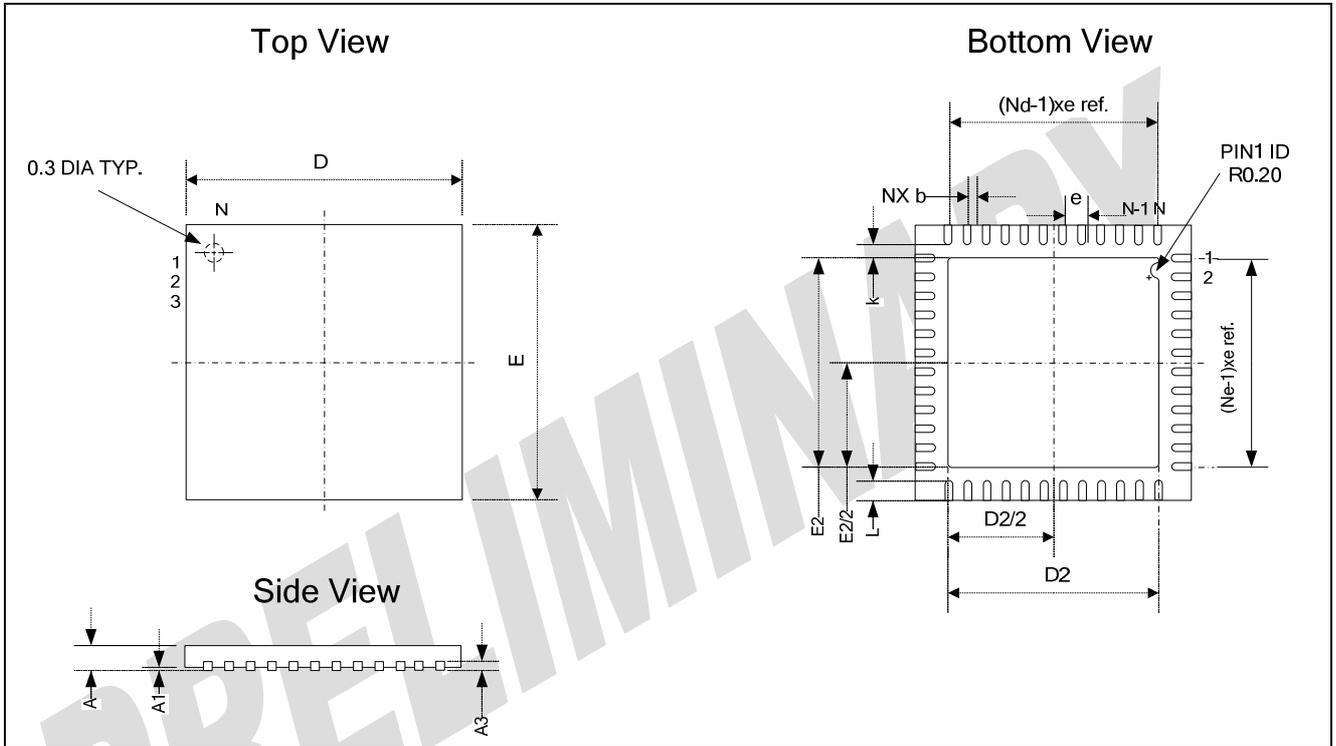


Figure 7 – QFN Drawing

5.1.1. QFN32 5x5 (32 leads)

| Symbol [1][2] | A | A1 | A3 | b | D | D2 | E | E2 | e | L | N [3] | ND [4] | NE [4] | | | | |
|---------------|-----|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|--------|--------|------|------|------|------|
| QFN32 | Min | 0.80 | 0.00 | 0.20 | 0.18 | 5.00 | 3.50 | 5.00 | 0.50 | 0.35 | 32 | 8 | 8 | | | | |
| | Nom | 0.85 | 0.02 | | | | | | | | | | | 0.25 | 3.60 | 3.60 | 0.40 |
| | Max | 0.90 | 0.05 | | | | | | | | | | | 0.30 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 0.45 |

Table 6 – QFN32 5x5 Package Dimensions

5.1.2. QFN48 7x7 (48 leads)

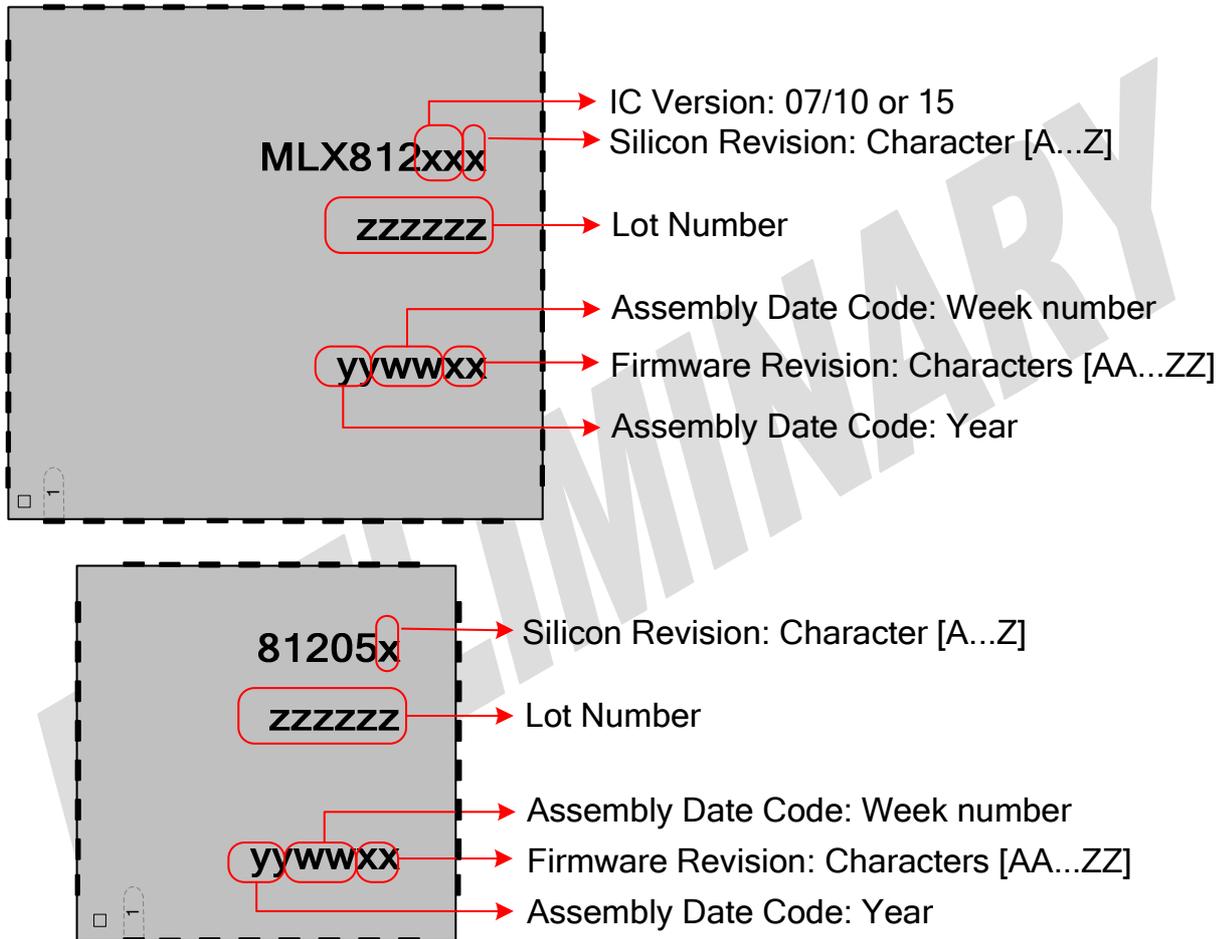
| Symbol [1][2] | A | A1 | A3 | b | D | D2 | E | E2 | e | L | N [3] | ND [4] | NE [4] | | | | |
|---------------|-----|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|--------|--------|------|------|------|------|
| QFN48 | Min | 0.80 | 0 | 0.20 | 0.18 | 7.00 | 5.00 | 7.00 | 0.50 | 0.45 | 48 | 12 | 12 | | | | |
| | Nom | 0.85 | 0.02 | | | | | | | | | | | 0.25 | 5.10 | 5.10 | 0.50 |
| | Max | 0.90 | 0.05 | | | | | | | | | | | 0.30 | 5.20 | 5.20 | 0.55 |

Table 7 - QFN48 7x7 Package Dimensions

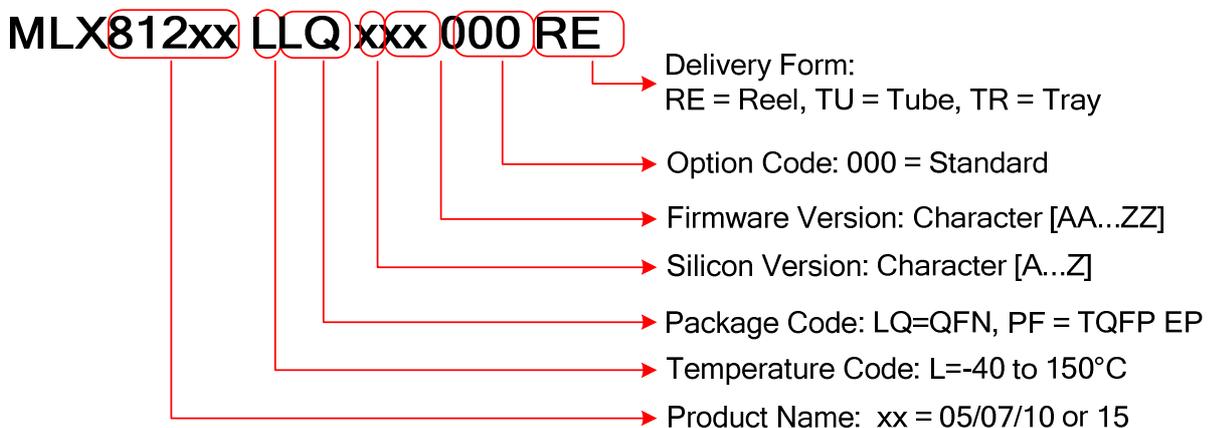
[1] Dimensions and tolerances conform to ASME Y14.5M-1994
 [2] All dimensions are in Millimeters. All angels are in degrees
 [3] N is the total number of terminals
 [4] ND and NE refer to the number of terminals on each D and E side respectively

6. Marking/Order Code

6.1 Marking MLX81205/07/10/15



6.2 Order Code MLX81205/07/10/15



7. Assembly Information

This Melexis device is classified and qualified regarding soldering technology, solder ability and moisture sensitivity level, as defined in this specification, according to following test methods:

- IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020
Moisture/Reflow Sensitivity Classification For No hermetic Solid State Surface Mount Devices (classification reflow profiles according to table 5-2)
- EIA/JEDEC JESD22-A113
Preconditioning of No hermetic Surface Mount Devices Prior to Reliability Testing (Reflow profiles according to table 2)
- CECC00802
Standard Method For The specification of Surface Mounting Components (SMD's) of Assessed Quality
- EIA/JEDEC JESD22-B106
Resistance to soldering temperature for through-hole mounted devices
- EN60749-15
Resistance to soldering temperature for through-hole mounted devices
- MIL 883 Method 2003 / EIA/JEDEC JESD22-B102
Solder ability

For all soldering technologies deviating from above mentioned standard conditions (regarding peak temperature, temperature gradient, temperature profile etc) additional classification and qualification tests have to be agreed upon with Melexis. The application of Wave Soldering for SMD's is allowed only after consulting Melexis regarding assurance of adhesive strength between device and board.

Based on Melexis commitment to environmental responsibility, European legislation (Directive on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances, RoHS) and customer requests, Melexis has installed a roadmap to qualify their package families for lead free processes also. Various lead free generic qualifications are running, current results on request.

For more information on Melexis lead free statement see quality page at our website:
<http://www.melexis.com/html/pdf/MLXleadfree-statement.pdf>

8. Disclaimer

The product abstract just provides an overview of the described devices. Please consult the complete product specification/datasheet in its latest revision for any detailed information.

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